

# **Guideline Responsibilities and Authorisation**

Department Responsible for Guideline	Newborn Intensive Care
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Target Audience	SMO, registrar, NP, registered midwives, registered nurses

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# **Guideline Review History**

Version	Updated by	Date Updated	Summary of Changes
1	M. Rainbow	Jan 2022	New guideline

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Арр	endix A – flowchart for Management of Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome	

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### 1 Overview

## 1.1 Purpose

This guideline is for the use in assessment of the newborn delivered to mothers taking opioid medications. It also provides guidance for assessment and management of infants delivered to mothers on other addictive drugs including methamphetamine, benzodiazepines and some psychotic medications.

SSRI medications e.g. fluoxetine and sertraline can also elicit withdrawal in the newborn infant.

## 1.2 Scope

Staff working in Waikato Newborn Intensive care, postnatal ward at Waikato hospital.

# 1.3 Patient / client group

Newborn infants delivered to mother with known intake of addictive drugs likely to induce drug withdrawal. Infants who are presenting with signs associated with drug withdrawal and uncertain or suspected maternal drug use.

## 1.4 Definitions and acronyms

HIE	Neonatal Hypoxic Ischemic Encephalopathy
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
NAI	Non-accidental injury
NAS	Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome
NICU	Newborn Intensive Care
NOWS	Neonatal Opioid Withdrawal Syndrome
NP	Nurse Practitioner
RM	Registered Midwife
RMO	Registered medical officer
RN	Registered Nurse
SMO	Senior Medical Officer/consultant
SSRI	Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors
SUDI	Sudden unexpected death in infancy

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### 2 Clinical management

### 2.1 Roles and responsibilities

### Senior Medical Officer; Resident Medical Officer; Nurse Practitioner

· assess and prescribe appropriate medication

### Registered Midwife & Registered Nurse

- perform Finnegan scoring on identified high risk infants for NAS/NOWS and report findings to NICU resident.
- Administer prescribed medication.
- Support mothers and whanau in caring for newborn

### 2.2 Competency required

Registered Nurse; Registered Midwife; Registered Medical Officer.

### 2.3 Equipment

Finnegan score sheet F1085WHF.

### 2.4 Guideline

DO NOT GIVE NALOXONE AT DELIVERY as this will create an acute withdrawal

Admit infant under Neonatal Level 2 consultant

Infant can be admitted to postnatal ward with mum for observation period.

Where possible infant and mother should room-in together as much as possible in a quiet low stimulus environment, encouraging skin to skin and breastfeeding.

Finnegan scoring should be performed on infants delivered to drug dependent mothers every 3-4 hours, for a minimum of 72 hours following delivery.

**Non-pharmacological interventions** should be implemented prior to pharmacological prescriptions.

- Where possible infant and mother should room-in together as much as possible in a quiet low stimulus environment, encouraging skin to skin.
- Breastfeeding encouraged, only contraindicated with other maternal comorbidities e.g. HIV, chemotherapy, some medications used in psychosis.
- Breastfeeding support to be provided and Breastmilk substitutes can be offered with consent of mother until breastmilk supply established.
- Non-nutritive sucking e.g. pacifier, to assist in self-regulation of state. Can be removed once the infant is able to settle without.
- Swaddling/containment with hands and rocking, to support the infant in their state regulation.

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#### **Assessment**

Other pathological conditions should be considered prior to commencing pharmacological interventions e.g. HIE, sepsis, hypoglycaemia, hypocalcaemia, hyporthyroidism

Pharmacological intervention indicated with raised Finnegan scores or clinical features Finnegan score:

- consecutive scores >8 x 3 consecutive scores
- consecutive scores >12 x 2 consecutive scores
- Significant weight loss >10%, dehydration due to diarrhoea and vomiting

### Pharmacological interventions:

### **Oral morphine**

Initial dosing 40 micrograms/kg/dose 4 hourly PO

Can be increased by 40 micrograms/kg/dose to a maximum dosing of 200 micrograms/kg/dose

Weaning dose reduce by 10-15% of original dose every 48-72 hours

Aiming to maintain Finnegan scores <8

### Discontinuing morphine

Stop morphine when dose is 40 micrograms/kg per day

Do NOT weight adjust morphine dose during the weaning process.

Alternative therapy can be considered for withdrawal from non-opioid substances or to supplement the morphine dose.

Clonidine - 1 microgram/kg/dose 4 hourly PO

### Weaning clonidine

Do not adjust dose for weight during morphine weaning. Once morphine discontinued and Finnegan scores remain <8 then stop clonidine. If clonidine has been given regularly for >5 days, it should be reduced to approximately 50% day 1, 25% day 2 and discontinue day 3.

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# 2.5 Potential complications

- Significant weight loss >10%, dehydration due to vomiting and diarrhoea, seizures.
- · Underlying pathological condition not identified
- · Lack of parental bonding,
- Increased risk of SUDI
- Increased risk of NAI

#### 2.6 After care

- Observe infant in hospital for 24-48hours following cessation of medication
- Paediatric OPD follow up 6-12 weeks following discharge
- Consider referral of mum to Drug and alcohol service
- Consider report of concern to Oranga Tamariki

### 3 Patient information

Provide management strategies for parents to cope with unsettled/crying infant "Never Shake a Baby" education video

### 4 Evidence base

### 4.1 Summary of Evidence, Review and Recommendations

- McQueen, K. & Murphy-Oikonen, J. (2016). Neonatal abstinence syndrome. *The New England Journal of Medicine*. 374(25).2468-2479.
- Osborn, D., Jeffery, H. & Cole, M. (2010). Sedatives for opiate withdrawal in newborn infants. Cochrane Database of Systemic Reviews. https://doi.org/10.1002/14651858.CD002053.pub3
- Patrick, S.W., Barfield, W.D., & Poindexter, B,B. (2020). Neonatal opioid withdrawal syndrome. *American Academy of Pediatrics*. *146*(5)
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# 4.2 Bibliography

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- Phal, A., Young, L., Buus-Frank, M., Marcellus, L. & Soll, R. (2020). Non-pharmacological care for opioid withdrawl in newborns. *Cochrane Database of Systemic Reviews*. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1002/14651858.CD013217.pub2">https://doi.org/10.1002/14651858.CD013217.pub2</a>

### 4.3 Associated Waikato DHB Documents

- Finnegan score observation form
- NICU drug guideline Morphine hydrochloride-oral
- NICU drug guideline Clonidine

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# Appendix A – flowchart for Management of Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome

# Flow chart for management of NAS

Infant delivered to mother exposed to addictive medications/drugs



Admit infant under neonatal Level 2 consultant. Admit infant to postnatal ward with mum. For minimum observation period of 72 hours

Provide low stimulation environment

Commence Finnegan scores



Finnegan scores:

3 consecutive scores >8 or

2 consecutive scores >12

Review by Neonatal team



Exclude other possible pathologies including HIE, sepsis, hypoglycaemia,



commence - morphine 40 micrograms/kg/dose 4hourly if opioid withdrawal, escalate to higher dose max 200 micrograms/kg/dose 4 hourly

 Clonidine 1microgram/kg/dose 4hourly if non-opioid withdrawal or as adjunct to morphine

Continue Finnegan scoring.

Reduce morphine by 10% every 48 hours aiming for Finnegan scores <8



Infant scores Finnegan scores <8

Establishing breastfeeding/suckle feeding, no vomiting or diarrhoea, weigh on D3 <10% loss



Discharge to LMC.

In all cases provide parent education for signs of withdrawal, and supportive measures to assist infant

Consider risk to infant for SUDI, NAI

Consider referral of mum to drug and alcohol service

Discontinue morphine when dose 40 micrograms/kg/day

Clonidine dose not adjusted until off morphine. OR reassess at 72 hours with aim to stop

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